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He is a *Fellow* of the faculty of engineering University of Tokyo. He is globally recognized expert in water, sanitation, education, health, urban, and regional planning. He is passionate about Philanthropy, Innovation, Diplomacy and Education in Human Values.

His research at the Center for Spatial Information Science cover government policies and institutional mechanisms for unlocking philanthropy and private finance to build quality public infrastructure, deliver universal healthcare and education in developing countries in Asia.

He advises JREast on human resources development for the design, construction and implementation of India's first high speed rail between Mumbai and Ahmedabad. He is a task manager for partnership between Bill&Melinda Gates Foundation and the Asian Development Bank Institute on leadership capacity development on non-sewered sanitation.

Between 2008 and 2012, he was ADB visiting professor at the Lee Kuan Yew School of Public Policy and founding director of the Institute of Water Policy (IWP) and founding director of NUS-Global Asia Institute (NUS-GAI). Between 1997 and 2016, he was a professional staff responsible for policy, programs and projects at the Asian Development Bank, Manila. Between 1990 and 1996, he was an expert on spatial information at Nippon Koei Co. Japan in several JICA-supported projects in Asia and Africa.

He has a Dr. Eng. in civil engineering from the University of Tokyo. M. Eng. from the Asian institute of management, Thailand, and B. Tech. from the Indian Institute of Technology, Madras.

Books, Chapters and Refereed Papers

1. Seetharam, K. (ed) (2012) *Tale of Two Crises: A Multidisciplinary Analysis*, Routledge.
2. Chiplunkar, A., Seetharam K., Tan C.K. (editors) (2012), *Good Practices in Urban Water Management, Decoding Good Practices for a Successful Future*. ADB.
3. Seetharam, K.E. and Rao, B. (eds) (2010) *Index of Drinking Water Adequacy (IDWA): International and Intra-national Explorations*, Singapore: Ridge Books.
4. Seetharam, K. and Yuen, B. (eds) (2010) *Developing Living Cities: From Analysis to Action*, Singapore: World Scientific.
5. Seetharam, K (2008) *Small Piped Water Networks: Key to Universal Water Access in Asia*. ADB
6. A.K Biswas and Seetharam, K (eds) (2007) *Asian Water Development Outlook 2007*, ADB.
7. Brian Roberts et al. (2006) *Urbanization and Sustainability in Asia: Case studies of Good Practice*, ADB.
8. Rao, B. and Seetharam, K. (2006) *Strategic Thinking to Achieve Water MDGs*. ADB
9. Seetharam, K (2005) (eds) *Asia Water Watch 2015*. ADB.
10. Seetharam K. and Fan M. (2014) "Overcoming challenges in water and sanitation in Asia", in *Ending Asian Deprivations*, Routledge. <https://www.routledge.com/products/9780415828666>
11. Priyanka, A and K E Seetharam, "Climate Change and Sustainable Urban Development in Africa and Asia," in *Climate Change and Living Cities: Global Problems with Local Solutions*, 2010.
12. B Yuen and K E Seetharam (2015) Building age-friendly cities in ageing Asian tigers, *ISOCARP Review* 11:202-217.
13. Babel, M.S., Rivas, A.A. and Seetharam, K. (2010) 'Municipal water supply management in Bangkok: achievements and lessons', *International Journal of Water Resources Development*, 26(2): 193-217.
14. Seetharam, K. and Rao, B. (2010) 'Index of drinking water adequacy for the Asian economies', *Water Policy*, 12(S1): 135-154.
15. Seetharam, K., R. Shibasaki, and H. Nakamura, Multi-level Geographical Information and Expert Systems for Comprehensive evaluation of Urban Transportation Policies, Australian Transport Research Forum, Vol. 15, 1990.

Media Quotes

1. Feeding an Asia that's wealthier, *The Straits Times*, 26 June 2012.
<http://newshub.nus.edu.sg/news/1206/PDF/ASIA-st-26jun-pA18.pdf>
2. It is a myth that the poor cannot pay for water. *The Hindu (Online)*, 17 November 2011.
<http://www.thehindu.com/business/article2635517.ece>
3. Rethinking the 200-year-old flush toilet. *The Straits Times*, 18 October 2011.
http://www.gai.nus.edu.sg/media/downloads/2011_1810_Rethinking-the-200-year-old-flush-toilet.pdf
4. Strong policy, corporate approach key to solving Asia's water problems. *Eco-Business*. 8 July 2011.
<http://www.eco-business.com/features/strong-policy-corporate-approach-key-to-solving-asias-water-problems/>
5. 3 myths that plague healthcare in Asia. *Today online*, 4 April 2011.
<http://www.todayonline.com/Print/singapore/EDC110404-0000229/3-myths-that-plague-healthcare-in-Asia>

ADB Evaluation Reports

1. Impact Evaluation Study on Water supply and Sanitation Projects –
This ADB's evaluation report was discussed at a public session in a large world level session, with press reviews, at the Third World Water Forum in 2003. The online report was one of the most popular ADB publications in March 2003.
<http://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/evaluation-document/35052/files/ies-reg-2002-17.pdf>
2. North Madras Thermal Power Project (India) –
The evaluation made key recommendations for the financial sustainability of state electricity boards in India. The evaluation included comprehensive assessment of environment and resettlement issues.
<http://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/project-document/71102/ppa-ind-in170-02.pdf>
3. Tenth and Eleventh Road Sector Projects (Indonesia) –
The evaluation highlighted that sector lending was successful in the road sector.
<http://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/evaluation-document/35220/files/ppa-in105-02.pdf>
4. Dhaka Urban Infrastructure Improvement Project (Bangladesh) –
This evaluation involved RSDD, and BRM. Innovative social surveys including video footage were completed in the evaluation. A JFPR proposal for \$200,000 was recommended in the recommendations. Later, OED assisted in the JFPR appraisal by SASS. The project achievements were evaluated using the logical framework.
<http://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/evaluation-document/35235/files/ppa-ban21009.pdf>
5. Second IKK Water Supply Sector Project (Indonesia) –
The evaluation provided key lessons on the financial and institutional capabilities of PDAMs. It provided specific recommendations for monitoring project performance for sector type projects.
<http://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/evaluation-document/35231/files/in278-01.pdf>
6. Three Integrated Urban Infrastructure Development Projects: (Indonesia) –
A key evaluation report on ADB's urban development projects in Indonesia. The Board Committee that reviewed this report appreciated this thematic evaluation. The key recommendations included a community level tool for self-monitoring of performance of projects.
<http://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/project-document/71689/pe556.pdf>
7. Selected Technical Assistance in Road Safety (PRC, India) –
This evaluation of ADTAs triggered mainstreaming Road safety in ADB operations. The evaluation employed a new methodology of using feedback from participants for assessing the performance of ADTAs.
<http://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/evaluation-document/35516/files/te33.pdf>
8. Second Island Provinces Rural Water Supply Sector Project (Philippines) –
This report pioneered participatory approach in evaluation involving communities using the SARAR techniques. The action plan recommended to improve project performance was implemented by the government with ADB support.
<http://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/evaluation-document/35275/files/pe-536.pdf>

9. Rayalaseema Thermal Power Project (India) –
The first evaluation that included a detailed distribution analysis of the project impacts on the poor and demonstrated that tariff subsidy for agricultural users did not deliver higher net impacts to the poor than normal tariffs.
<http://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/evaluation-document/35285/files/22344-ind-ppar.pdf>
10. Seventh, Eighth, and Ninth Port Projects (Indonesia) –
First thematic evaluation in ADB. It clarified role of private sector participation in ports.
<http://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/evaluation-document/35273/files/pe-541.pdf>
11. Special Evaluation Study of Factors Affecting Project Performance in the Agriculture and Social Sectors: A Review of Postevaluation Reports between 1991 and 1997 –
This first comprehensive assessment of project performance, using a complex regression model, served as a benchmark for future work on analysis of project performance by OED.
<http://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/evaluation-document/35479/files/ss-31.pdf>
12. Advisory and Operational TAs in the Power Sector (India) –
First evaluation of TAs in the power sector in India. The evaluation provided recommendations for mid course correction for ADB strategy in the power sector in India.
<http://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/evaluation-document/35526/files/te23.pdf>
13. Hyderabad Water Supply and Sewerage Project (Pakistan) –
First evaluation that included participation of staff from operations division, RSSD and PRM. The project included a comprehensive environmental assessment. The project was rated partly successful with a time-bound set of recommendations on efficient removal of solid waste and human excreta.
<http://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/evaluation-document/35317/files/pe-490.pdf>
14. Farm-to-Market Roads Projects (Pakistan) –
This evaluation provided the first lessons on the performance of rural roads and their economic impacts.
<http://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/evaluation-document/35300/files/pe508.pdf>

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